Mouse IL-6 Protein, His Tag

Catalog # IL6-M5245



Synonym

IL6,Interleukin-6,BSF2,HSF,IFNB2

Source

Mouse IL-6, His Tag(IL6-M5245) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Phe 25 - Thr 211 (Accession # <u>P08505-1</u>). Predicted N-terminus: His

Molecular Characterization

IL-6(Phe 25 - Thr 211) Poly-his P08505-1

This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the N-terminus.

The protein has a calculated MW of 23.6 kDa. The protein migrates as 25-35 kDa when calibrated against <u>Star Ribbon Pre-stained Protein Marker</u> under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per μg by the LAL method.

Purity

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

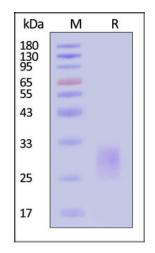
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

SDS-PAGE



Mouse IL-6, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90% (With <u>Star Ribbon Pre-stained Protein Marker</u>).

Bioactivity-ELISA



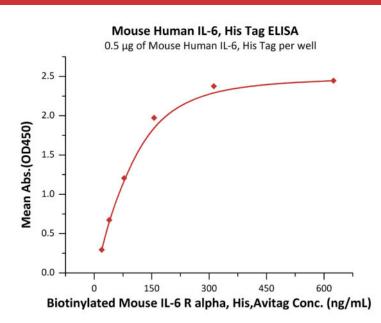
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Immobilized Mouse IL-6, His Tag (Cat. No. IL6-M5245) at 5 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Biotinylated Mouse IL-6 R alpha, His,Avitag (Cat. No. ILR-M82E9) with a linear range of 20-156 ng/mL (QC tested).

Background

Interleukin 6 (IL-6) is also known as HGF, BSF2,HSF, IFNB2 and IL-6, originally identified as a B cell differentiation factor, is a multifunctional cytokine that regulates immune responses, hematopoiesis, acute phase responses, and inflammatory reactions. It is secreted by T cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts, endothelial cells, et.al. to stimulate immune response to trauma, especially burns or other tissue damage leading to inflammation. Interleukin 6 has been shown to interact with interleukin-6 receptor and glycoprotein. IL-6 is relevant to many disease processes such as diabetes, atherosclerosis, depression, Alzheimer's Disease, systemic, lupus erythematosus, prostate cancer and rheumatoid arthritis. Advanced/metastatic cancer patients have higher levels of IL-6 in their blood. Hence there is an interest in developing anti-IL-6 agents as therapy against many of these diseases.

Clinical and Translational Updates



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