

Synonym

CTLA4,CD152

Source

Biotinylated Human CTLA-4, Fc, Avitag(CT4-H82F3) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Ala 37 - Phe 162 (Accession # P16410-1). Predicted N-terminus: Ala 37

Molecular Characterization

CTLA-4(Ala 37 - Phe 162) Fc(Pro 100 - Lys 330)
P16410-1 P01857

This protein carries a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus, followed by an Avi tag (AvitagTM).

The protein has a calculated MW of 41.8 kDa. The protein migrates as 48-60 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Labeling

Biotinylation of this product is performed using AvitagTM technology. Briefly, the single lysine residue in the Avitag is enzymatically labeled with biotin.

Protein Ratio

Passed as determined by the HABA assay / binding ELISA.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in

Tris with Glycine, Arginine and NaCl, pH7.5 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

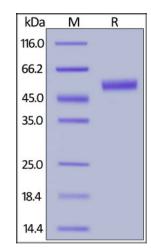
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

SDS-PAGE

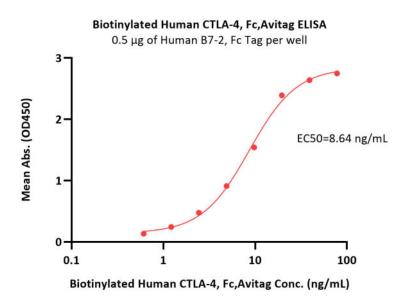


Biotinylated Human CTLA-4, Fc, Avitag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

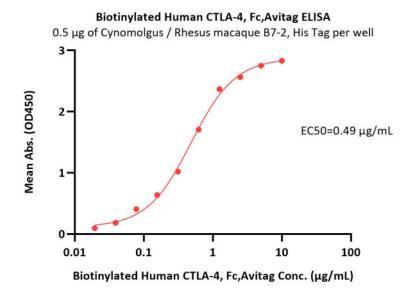
Bioactivity-ELISA





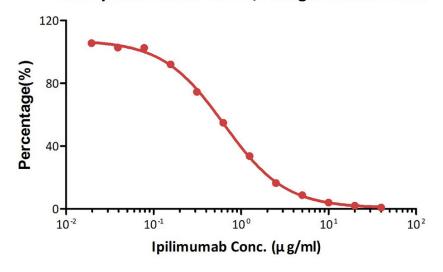


Immobilized Human B7-2, Fc Tag (Cat. No. CD6-H5257) at 5 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Biotinylated Human CTLA-4, Fc,Avitag (Cat. No. CT4-H82F3) with a linear range of 0.6-10 ng/mL (QC tested).

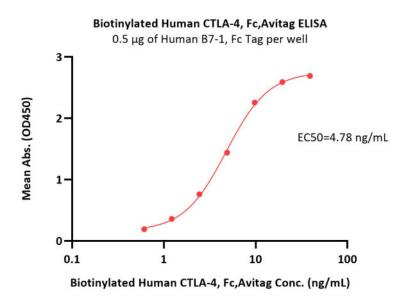


Immobilized Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque B7-2, His Tag (Cat. No. CD6-C52H5) at 5 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Biotinylated Human CTLA-4, Fc,Avitag (Cat. No. CT4-H82F3) with a linear range of 0.02-0.625 μ g/mL (Routinely tested).

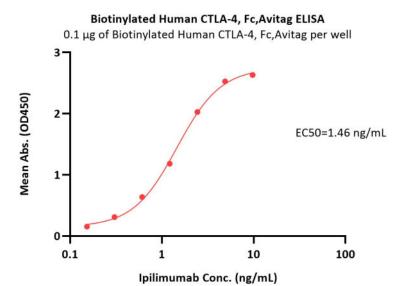
Biotinylated Human CTLA4, Fc Tag Inhibition ELISA



Serial dilutions of Ipilimumab neutralizing antibody (1:2 serial dilutions, from 40 μ g/mL to 0.019 μ g/mL) were added into Human B7-1, Fc Tag (Cat. No. B71-H5259): Biotinylated Human CTLA-4, Fc,Avitag (Cat. No. CT4-H82F3) binding reactions. The assay was performed according to the above described protocol. Background was subtracted from data points before curve fitting.

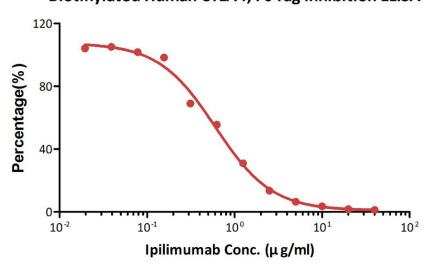


Immobilized Human B7-1, Fc Tag (Cat. No. B71-H5259) at 5 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Biotinylated Human CTLA-4, Fc,Avitag (Cat. No. CT4-H82F3) with a linear range of 0.6-10 ng/mL (Routinely tested).



Immobilized Biotinylated Human CTLA-4, Fc,Avitag (Cat. No. CT4-H82F3) at 1 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) on Streptavidin (Cat. No. STN-N5116) precoated (0.5 μ g/well) plate, can bind Ipilimumab with a linear range of 0.2-2 μ g/mL (Routinely tested).

Biotinylated Human CTLA4, Fc Tag Inhibition ELISA



Serial dilutions of Ipilimumab neutralizing antibody (1:2 serial dilutions, from $40 \mu g/mL$ to $0.019 \mu g/mL$) were added into Human B7-2, Fc Tag (Cat. No. CD6-H5257): Biotinylated Human CTLA-4, Fc,Avitag (Cat. No. CT4-H82F3) binding reactions. The assay was performed according to the above described protocol. Background was subtracted from data points before curve fitting.



Biotinylated Human CTLA-4 Protein, Fc,Avitag™

Catalog # CT4-H82F3



Background

CTLA-4 (Cytotoxic T-Lymphocyte Antigen 4) is also known as CD152 (Cluster of differentiation 152), is a protein receptor that downregulates the immune system. CTLA4 is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily, which is expressed on the surface of Helper T cells and transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells. The protein contains an extracellular V domain, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic tail. Alternate splice variants, encoding different isoforms. CTLA4 is similar to the T-cell co-stimulatory protein, CD28, and both molecules bind to CD80 and CD86, also called B7-1 and B7-2 respectively, on antigen-presenting cells. CTLA4 transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells, whereas CD28 transmits a stimulatory signal. Intracellular CTLA4 is also found in regulatory T cells and may be important to their function. Fusion proteins of CTLA4 and antibodies (CTLA4-Ig) have been used in clinical trials for rheumatoid arthritis.

Clinical and Translational Updates

