

# Streptavidin Coated Plates, Clear, 96-Well, Clear Frame

Cat. No: SP-14 Pack Size :1 Plate For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Or Therapeutic Procedures. IMPORTANT: Please carefully read this manual before performing your experiment.

# **Specifications**

Items	Specifications
Material	Polystyrene
Color	Clear Frame
Plate Blocking	2% BSA Blocking Buffer
Formulations	Clear, 96-well plates, coated with 100 $\mu$ L of streptavidin tetramer and
Formulations	blocked with 200 $\mu L$ of 2% BSA Blocking Buffer
Detection Method	Colorimetric
Capacity	~5 pmol biotin/well
CV% of plates/wells	< 10%
Туре	Detection Plate, Immunoassay, ELISA

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# Shipping and Storage

Upon receipt, please store all items at 2-8°C. This plate is supplied and shipped with blue ice.

# Product description

Streptavidin Coated Plates, Clear, 96-Well Clear Frame with Streptavidin tetramer Protein and blocked with BSA, it is a ready-to-use polystyrene plate, which can be used for binding biotinylated proteins and antibodies, or probes for ELISA and other target specific assays. The recombinant Streptavidin is tetramer protein expressed in E. coli designed for immobilization applications.

# Applications

This Streptavidin Coated Plate is intended for Immunoassay and ELISA.

It is for research use only.

# Assay Principles

Streptavidin (SA) has an extraordinarily high affinity for biotin with a dissociation constant (Kd) on the order of  $10^{-14}$  mol/L, the Biotinylated molecules can bind to the SA irreversibly. Streptavidin has an isoelectric point of 5 to 6, resulting in low nonspecific interactions. The Streptavidin Coated Plates we provide are easy to use and widely available for application.

# Example ELISA Procedure

# **Materials and Reagents Preparation**

If you have any questions, please contact our technical support team at: <u>TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com</u> http://www.acrobiosystems.com



Before starting the ELISA Assay, we should prepare the all reagents and materials required in the experiment. You can prepare these regents by following operations, we also provide the matching reagent kit (Cat. No. SP-14).

**Wash Buffer**: PBS or TBS with 0.05% (v/v) Tween-20 (usually at pH7.4), 500 mL is sufficient for 96 tests. The pH of Buffer system can be adjust according to your experiment.

**Dilution Buffer**: PBS or TBS with 0.05% (v/v) Tween-20 (usually at pH7.4), 500 mL is sufficient for 96 tests. The pH of Buffer system can be adjust according to your experiment.

**Substrate Dilution Buffer**: 50 mM disodium hydrogen phosphate (Na<sub>2</sub>HPO4) and 25 mM citric acid, adjust pH to 5.5 with 1 M Sodium hydroxide (NaOH), 25 mL is sufficient for 96 tests.

**Substrate Stock Solution**: 20 mg/mL TMB (*Sigma-Aldrich, Catalog # 860336*) in Dimethyl sulfoxide (*Sigma-Aldrich, Catalog # D8418*), 1 mL is sufficient for 96 tests. Protect from light.

# TMB Substrate Working Solution

For each plate dilute 125  $\mu$ L substrate stock solution in 25 mL substrate dilution buffer and add 20  $\mu$ L 5% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (pipette 10  $\mu$ L 30% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> into 50  $\mu$ L distilled water), mix well.

## Notes:

The TMB Substrate Working Solution should be freshly prepared and used within 15 minutes.
 If you choose to use other commercially available ready-to-use TMB substrate solutions, you should follow the manufacturer's instruction.

Stop Solution: 1 M sulfuric acid (aqueous), 6 mL is sufficient for 96 tests.

**Enzyme-labeled secondary antibody**: Dilute secondary antibody to an appropriate concentration with Dilution Buffer.

Notes: The Enzyme-labeled secondary antibody should be freshly prepared and used within 15 minutes.

**Microplate sealing film** (*Sigma-Aldrich, Catalog* # Z724742)

## Pipettes and pipette tips

UV/Vis microplate spectrophotometer (absorbance 450 nm, correction wavelength set to 630 nm)

## **Recommended Protocol**

## 1. Preparation

Reconstitute and store all reagents as recommended.

2. Washing

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Add 300  $\mu$ L of Wash buffer to each well, gently tap the plate for 1 minute, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting, invert the plate and blot it against paper towels. Repeat the wash step above for three times.

### 3. Add biotinylated protein or antibodies

1) Dilute Biotinylated protein or antibodies to a concentration you want (usually  $1\sim10 \ \mu g/mL$ ) with Dilution Buffer to make Biotinylated molecule working solution.

- 2) Add 100 µL Biotinylated molecule to each well and incubate at 37°C or RT for 1 hour.
- 3) For Non specific of the sample wells, please add 100  $\mu$ L Dilution Buffer.

#### 4. Washing

Remove the remaining solution by aspiration, add 300  $\mu$ L of Wash buffer to each well, gently tap the plate for 1 minute, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting, invert the plate and blot it against paper towels. Repeat the wash step above for three times.

#### 5. Add Samples

1) Make series dilution of the samples as appropriate with Dilution Buffer.

2) Add 100 µL of the serial dilution of sample to each well, incubate at 37°C or RT for 1 hour.

#### 6. Washing

Repeat step 4.

#### 7. Add primary antibody

1) Dilute primary antibody to an appropriate concentration with Dilution Buffer.

2) For all wells, add 100 µL of diluted primary antibody, and incubate at 37°C or RT for 1 hour.

### 8. Washing

Repeat step 4.

## 9. Add enzyme-labeled secondary antibody

 Dilute secondary antibody to an appropriate concentration with Dilution Buffer. We recommend Peroxidase AffiniPure Goat Anti-Human IgG, Fcγ fragment specific (min X Bov, Hrs, Ms Sr Prot)(Jackson, Cat.No.109-035-099), 1:10000. Any other enzyme-labeled secondary antibody is appropriate.

2) For all wells, add 100 µL of diluted secondary antibody, and incubate at 37°C or RT for 1 hour, avoid light.

#### 10. Washing



Repeat step 4.

# 11. TMB Substrate Reaction

Add 200 µL TMB Substrate Working Solution to each well. Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at 37°C or RT for 20 minutes, avoid light.

# 12. Termination

Add 50 µL Stop Solution to each well, and tap the plate gently for 3 minutes to allow thorough mixing.

*Note*: the color in the wells should change from blue to yellow.

## 13. Data Recording

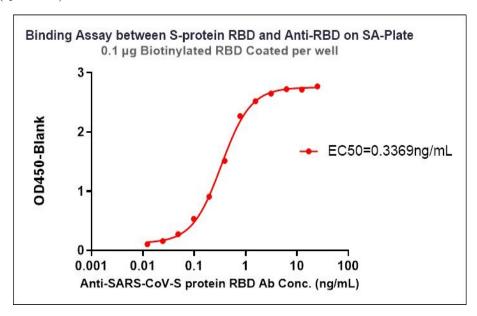
Read the absorbance at 450 nm using UV/Vis microplate spectrophotometer.

Note: the plate may be read at 600 nm without adding 1 M sulfuric acid, but the Signal-to-Background ratio may be reduced.

# <u>Example Data</u>

# Binding Assay between S protein RBD and Anti-SARS-CoV Ab on SA Plate

Immobilized Biotinylated 2019-nCoV S protein RBD at 1  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) on Streptavidin Coated Plates, Clear, 96-Well, Clear Frame (Cat. No. SP-14), can bind Anti-SARS-CoV-S protein RBD with a linear range of 0. 012-25 ng/mL (QC tested).



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# TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Cause	Solutions
Signal of positive control is weak or abnormal	Incorrect storage of plate	The plate should be store plates at 4°C, once you open the package, get the amount you need and keep the rest airtight.
	<b>Detection Antibody is</b> outdated or no prepared the working solution immediately before use	The working solution should be prepared immediately before use and should not be stored.
	Errors in instrument settings	♦ Please check instrument setting.
	Substrate Stock Solution is outdated;	
	Incubation temperature is incorrect; Incubation time is not sufficient; Repeated freeze-thaw cycles;	<ul> <li>♦ Make sure the Substrate Stock Solution is working.</li> <li>♦ Use proper incubation time and temperature.</li> </ul>
	Pipetting errors	♦ Make sure that the pipette is calibrated and working properly.
High background	Serum samples	If you want test serum samples, the BSA Blocking plate is not suitable for this purpose. We specially developed the Streptavidin Coated Plates, Clear,96-Well (For Serological Testing) (Cat.No.SP-13) for serological testing.
	Sample solvent contains inhibiting factors	<ul> <li>♦ Run a negative control assay with the solvent alone.</li> <li>♦ Maintain DMSO level at &lt;1 . Increase protein incubation time.</li> </ul>
	Contamination	Make sure buffers and samples are prepared, used and stored correctly.
	The TMB Substrate Working Solution is not fresh	TMB Substrate Working Solution must be used within 15 minutes after preparation.
Colorimetric signal is erratic		♦ Make sure pipettors are functioning properly and use a
	nconsistent pipetting or dilution methods	<ul> <li>multichannel pipettor if possible.</li> <li>Use master mixes to minimize errors.</li> <li>Run duplicates for all tests.</li> </ul>
	TMB Substrate Working Solution is not	♦ Make sure that TMB Substrate Working Solution is adequately
	completely mixed with the reaction solution	mixed with the reaction solution.
	Bubbles in the wells	♦ Tap plate gently to disperse bubbles.
	Signal is too high	<ul> <li>♦ The concentration of the samples should be adjusted to achieve optimal reading.</li> <li>♦ Decrease colorimetric HRP substrate incubation time.</li> </ul>
Inadequate color development	Incomplete removal during previous steps of residual buffers	♦ Wells should appear dry after aspiration.
	Problems with conjugate or color reagents	<ul> <li>Color should appear immediately after the reagent is added. Make sure no contamination or residual buffers in the wells before you</li> </ul>